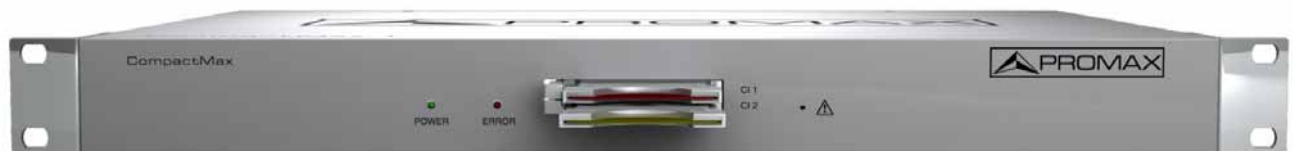# CompactMax-1

DVB-S/S2 TO DVB-T TRANSMODULATOR

PROMAX

SAFETY NOTES

Read the user's manual before using the equipment, mainly "**SAFETY RULES**" paragraph.

The symbol ⚠ on the equipment means "**SEE USER'S MANUAL**". In this manual may also appear as a Caution or Warning symbol.

WARNING AND CAUTION statements may appear in this manual to avoid injury hazard or damage to this product or other property.

USER'S MANUAL VERSION

Version	Date	Webserver version
1.0	June 2021	1.13.670

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS ⚠️

* **The security can be compromised if not applied the instructions in this manual**.

* Remember that voltages higher than **70 V DC** or **33 V AC rms** are dangerous.

* Use this instrument under the **specified environmental conditions**.

* The user is not allowed to perform changes inside the equipment. Any change on the equipment must be done exclusively by specialized staff.

* Do not obstruct the ventilation system of the equipment.

* Use appropriate low-level radiation cables for input / output signals, especially on high level signals.

* Follow the **cleaning instructions** described in the Maintenance paragraph.

* Symbols related with safety:

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
----	DIRECT CURRENT			ON (Supply)
∿	ALTERNATING CURRENT	○	OFF (Supply)
≂	DIRECT AND ALTERNATING	▣	DOUBLE INSULATION (Class II protection)
⏚	GROUND TERMINAL	⚡	CAUTION (Risk of electric shock)
⏚	PROTECTIVE CONDUCTOR	⚠	CAUTION REFER TO MANUAL
⏛	FRAME TERMINAL	▭	FUSE
▽	EQUIPOTENTIALITY	♻	EQUIPMENT OR COMPONENT TO BE RECYCLED

Descriptive Examples of Over-Voltage Categories

Cat I   Low voltage installations isolated from the mains.

Cat II   Portable domestic installations.

Cat III   Fixed domestic installations.

Cat IV   Industrial installations.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DVB-S/S2 TO DVB-T TRANSMODULATOR
CompactMax-1

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Description

The **CompactMax-1** is a compact transmodulation system that allows you to distribute Satellite TV channels (DVB-S or DVB-S2) in Digital Terrestrial Television (DVB-T) format.

The **CompactMax-1** has 4 satellite inputs. Two inputs are for free channels and the other two inputs for encrypted channels. There are also two slots to insert a Card Access Module (CAM) to decrypt these channels and one input for RF loopthrough.

The **CompactMax-1** extracts the sequence of digital data (Transport Stream) of DVB-S/S2 signal. TS tables are regenerated (PAT, PMTs, SDT and NIT). Then signal is modulated again in DVB-T format, in order to distribute it in RF. After going through this process, the signal of the DVB-T module can be inserted into a television distribution network. The output signal has high quality, allowing its way through multiple amplifier stages, drifters, long cables, etc.

The **CompactMax-1** is managed through a webserver via remote control (LAN or internet) and it is compatible with any standard browser. The webserver is easy to use and has multiple setting options.

The **CompactMax-1** is integrated into a 19″ (1U high) rack-mount case, which fits in any TV head-end installation. It can also be mounted directly on the wall.

Among the practical applications of this transmodulator are:

- Filter services in order to choose what DVB-S/S2 channels will become DVB-T.
- Restoration of quality in a weak signal.
- To move DVB-T channels from one frequency to other.
- To avoid degradation of signal.
- To avoid overlapping on other channels.
- To distribute encrypted programmes as free view in an internal TV network.
- To use as a TV repeater to cover shadow areas.

It can be used in hotels, convention centres, hospitals, ships, emblematic buildings, mansions, etc.
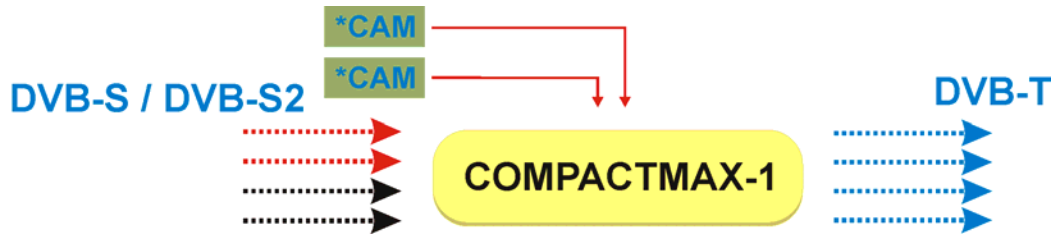
Figure 1.

2 PACKAGE CONTENT

- Main Unit.
- Quick guide.
- Power line.

3 DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION ELEMENTS

■ **Front view**
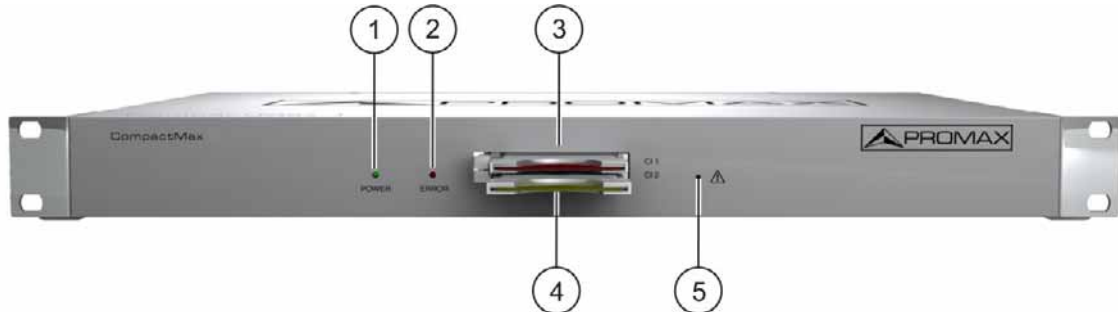
Figure 2.

1. Power On indicator.
2. Error indicator.
3. Common Interface input (CI#1) for decoder card.
4. Common Interface input (CI#2) for decoder card.
5. IP address reset.

■ **Rear view**
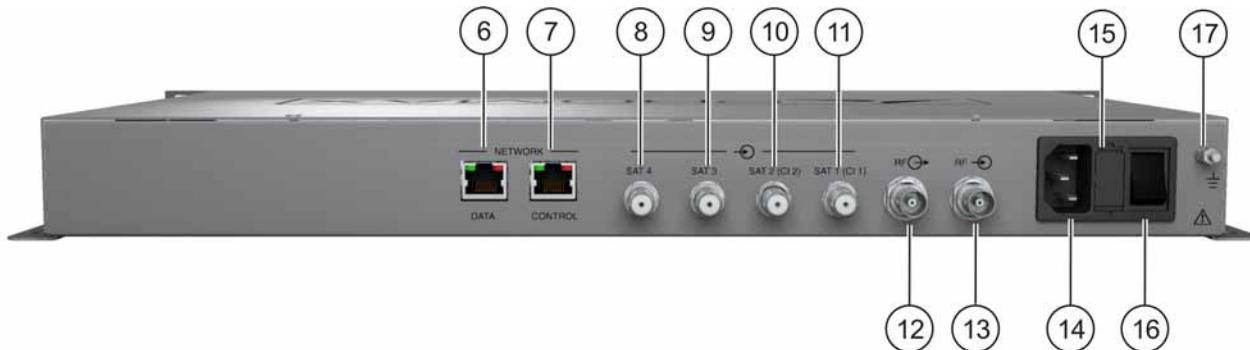
Figure 3.

6. Not in use.

7. Ethernet connection for equipment control (IP by default: 192.168.29.30; user: Admin; password: Admin).

8. Input #4 for satellite signal (DVB-S/S2) free channels.

9. Input #3 for satellite signal (DVB-S/S2) free channels.

10. Input #2 for satellite signal (DVB-S/S2) scrambled channels (connected to CI#2).

11. Input #1 for satellite signal (DVB-S/S2) scrambled channels (connected to CI#1).

12. Output for terrestrial RF signal (DVB-T).

13. RF loopthrough input.

14. Power connector (110 - 230 V AC).

15. Fuse holder.

16. On / Off switch.

17 Earth connection.

4 ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

4.1 Rack mounting
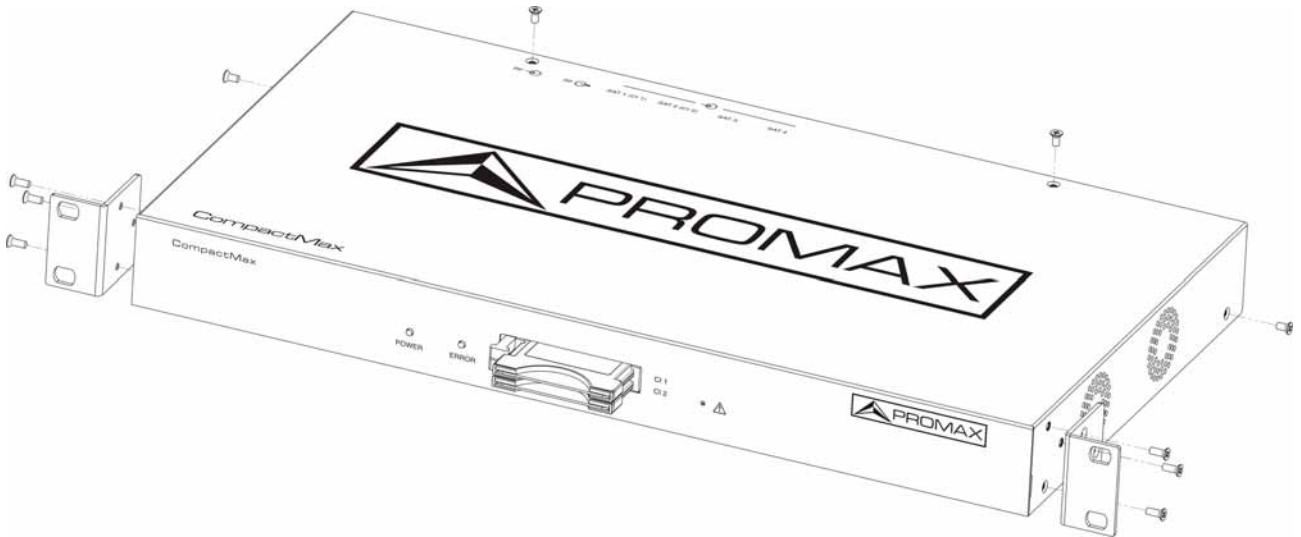
Figure 4.

4.2 Wall Mounting
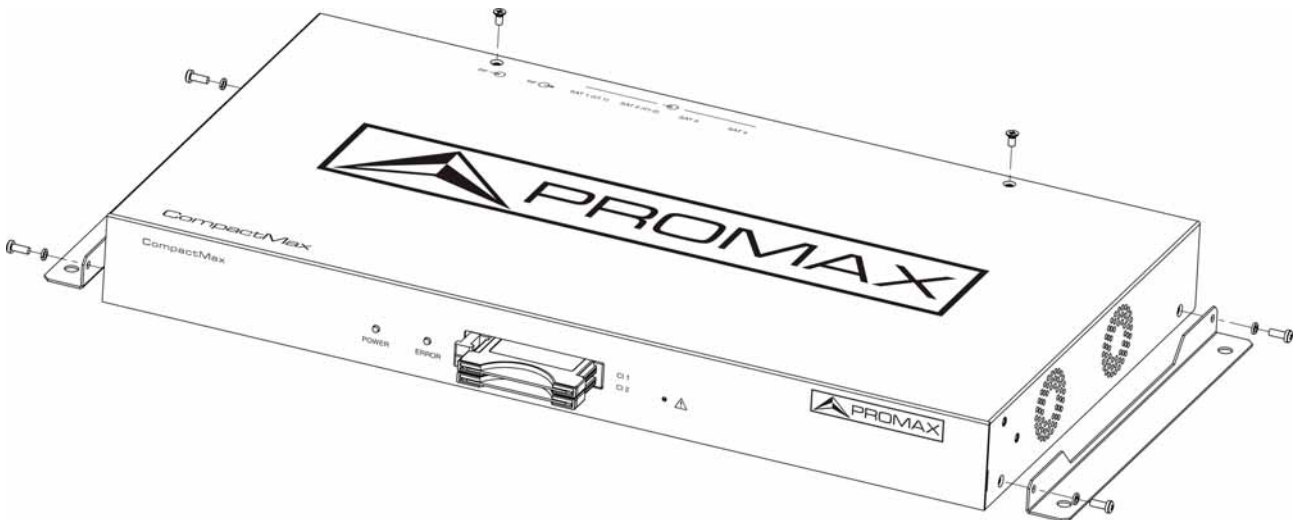
Figure 5.

5 WEBSERVER OPERATION

5.1 | Introduction

The transmodulator is controlled and configured via Ethernet using a standard browser. The webserver application provides access to the setting parameters of the modulator. To use it you need just a standard browser and an internet connection. In this way remote control can be done from any PC computer using the integrated webserver which does not require installation of any additional software.

The webserver application allows the user to work remotely on the instrument in a more comfortable way, whether to check status of signal output, to set parameters, to change selected services, for general maintenance, etc.

5.2 | Login

The default IP of this device is 192.168.29.30.

1 In first place, check the IP address of the PC. It must be in the same IP range of the device. This means, an IP like 192.168.29.xxx (xxx can be 0 to 255 except 30 to avoid conflict with module IP address). Add a new IP or change the current one to meet this requirement.

**2** Check connections. The Ethernet cable must be connected to the control input (see description chapter). It is recommended to try a ping on the command-line interface to confirm they are on the same network range and communication between them is possible.

3 Now use a web browser to run the webserver application from the PC. Write the IP address (by default 192.168.29.30) on the URL bar and press ENTER.

4 If connection is successful, the browser will display a login screen (see description chapter). Enter the Username and Password (by default both are "Admin") then click on 'Login' to enter the webserver application.

NOTE: After communication is established, the user can set a new IP address on the module to suit the range of its own Ethernet network or PC.

NOTE: Write down the new IP address if you change the default IP address, as it is required each time you want to communicate. If you neither do not know nor remember the IP of the module, press the IP address reset button (see description chapter) to set the device to the default IP.

- **Recovering the default IP**

If you do not remember or do not know the module IP follow the steps below:

1 Press the reset button of the IP address (see figure 2 – (5)).

2 The error LED will flash. Press and hold the button until the LED stops blinking.

3 At this time the IP adress has changed to the default IP (192.168.29.30).

4 This change is temporary and if you turn the equipment off you will lose this configuration. To save changes, connect the webserver application and click on "Store fields" in the "Versions/Store" tab.

5.3 Screen description

After logging, the following screen displays.
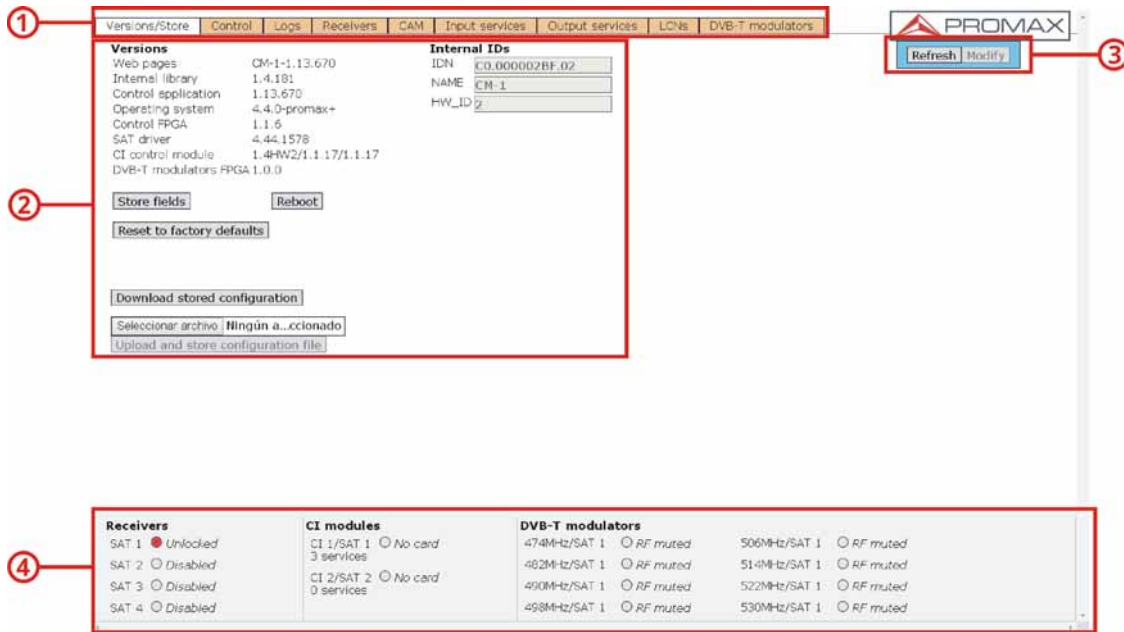
Figure 6.

Each screen has 4 specific areas:

1. **Tab area**: Each tab access to a specific set of parameters.
2. **Setting Parameters area**: Set of parameters according to the tab selected.
3. **Edit options**: Options to edit parameters.
4. **Status area**: Transmodulator current state.

5.4 Status Area

The status area shows the current state of input and outputs in the transmodulator.

Figure 7.

- **Receivers**: It shows the status (enabled/disabled) for the 4 satellite receivers. The radio button shows which one is working.

- **CI modules**: It shows the status (initialized/no card) for the CAM module inserted in the common interface (CI) slot. It also shows the satellite receiver selected and the number of selected services for each card. The radio button shows which one is working and its status (green (ok) / red (error).

- **DVB-T modulators**: It shows the status of the RF output (RF muted/...), output frequency and signal source. The radio button shows which one is working.

5.5 Edit options

Edit options are:

- **Refresh**: It reloads data on the webserver application from the transmodulator.

- **Modify**: It applies changes made on the transmodulator.

- **Expand**: It expands the data tree.

- **Collapse**: It collapses the data tree.

5.6   Setting parameters

Setting parameters are grouped in these tabs:

- **Versions/store**: Information about firmware versions and options to store/reset/reboot.
- **Control**: Network, password and language settings.
- **Logs**: Information about transmodulator operation.
- **Receivers**: Satellite receivers settings.
- **CAM:** Conditional Access Module (CAM) settings.
- **Input Services**: Information about services captured from satellite receivers.
- **Output Services**: Selection of services to be released on the RF output.
- **LCNs**: Selection of logical channel number (LCN) for each service selected.
- **DVB-T modulators**: RF output settings to distribute in DVB-T standard.

In next chapters each one of these options are explained in detail.

5.6.1   **Versions / Store**

This window gives information about firmware versions and options to store/reset/reboot.

Figure 8.

- ■ **Versions** area: It shows information about firmware versions for different components of the transmodulator.

- ■ **Internal IDs** area: It shows information about the identification number of the equipment, name and hardware.

- ■ **Store fields button**: It applies and saves all changes made in the webserver on the transmodulator.

- ■ **Reboot button**: It reboots the transmodulator.

- ■ **Reset to factory defaults button**: It recovers and applies factory settings on the transmodulator.

- ■ **Download stored configuration**: It downloads current configuration as a file, from transmodulator to PC.

- ■ **Upload and store configuration file**: It uploads and stores the configuration file selected by the user, from PC to transmodulator.

5.6.2		Control

This window has some settings to connect to a data network, to change the password and the menu language.

| Versions/Store | Control | Logs | Receivers | CAM | Input services | Output services | LCNs | DVB-T modulators |

MAC   00:0A:35:00:01:22
IP   192.168.29.30
Mask   255.255.255.0
Gateway 192.168.29.1

Change password

Change languages
Web interface English ▾
SI tables charset West European (ISO8859-1) ▾
Accept   Show character set

Figure 9.

- ◼ **MAC**: Physical address of the transmodulator.

- ◼ **IP**: IP address of the transmodulator in the network (IP by default 192.168.29.30). To recover IP by default press the physical button on the transmodulator (see description chapter).

- ◼ **Mask**: Network parameter.

- ◼ **Gateway**: Network parameter.

- ◼ **Change password**: It allows the user to change the password to access the webserver application (user and password by default: "Admin").

- ◼ **Change language**: It allows the user to select the language of the webserver application. Available languages are English and Spanish.

- ◼ **SI tables charset**: Select the character set for data received from the transport stream. To view all characters for the selected charset click on "Show character set".

5.6.3   Logs

This window gives information about the transmodulator operation. Each event happening in the modulator is captured and shown on this window. Each event has a description, a tag and an identification number.

| Versions/Store | Control | Logs | Receivers | CAM | Input services | Output services | LCNs | DVB-T modulators |

15.370	INFO	SAT 4 disabled
15.352	INFO	SAT 3 disabled
15.334	INFO	SAT 2 disabled
15.156	INFO	SAT 1 disabled
2.664	INFO	APPLICATION START
15.174	INFO	SAT 3 disabled
15.157	INFO	SAT 2 disabled
15.138	INFO	SAT 1 disabled
2.675	INFO	APPLICATION START

Figure 10.

5.6.4   Receivers

This window has some settings to tune the satellite signal. When the satellite signal is locked, it shows information about it.
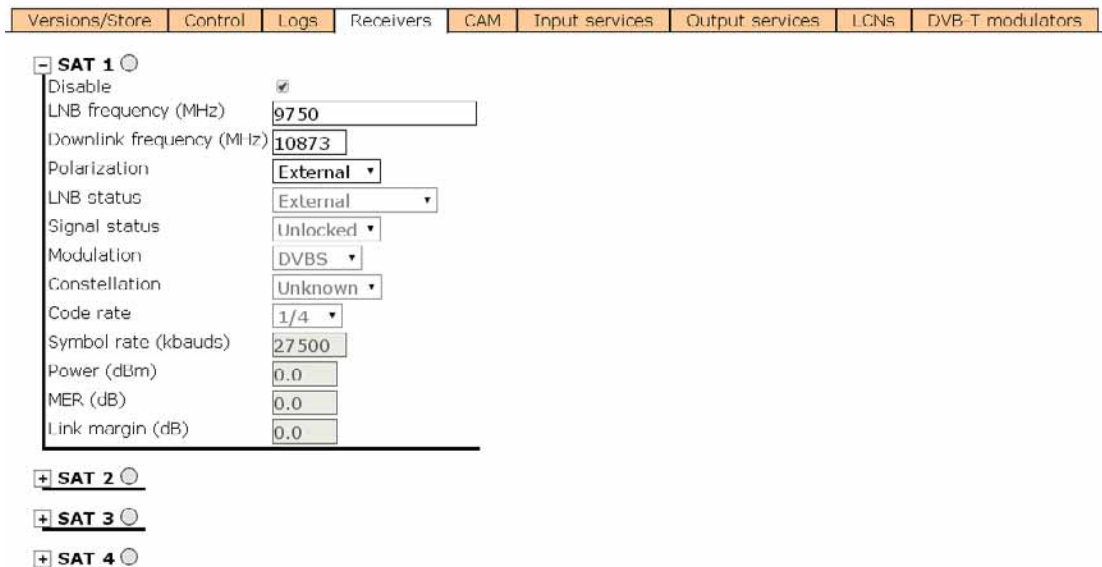
Figure 11.

In first place, select one or two SAT inputs (from 1 to 4) to work on.

Then expand the data tree. Setting parameters are:

- ■ **Disable**: Check or uncheck to enable / disable the SAT input.
- ■ **LNB frequency (MHz)**: Oscillator frequency of the antenna (in MHz). If you have a Universal LNB, generally are 9750 MHz for LOW band and 10600 MHz for HIGH band.
- ■ **Downlink frequency (MHz):** Tuning frequency of the satellite.
- ■ **Polarization**: LNB voltage and band. Select from the available values (13 V, 18 V, 13 V + 22 kHz, 18 V + 22 kHz, External). Generally 13 V is used for VERTICAL polarization and 18 V for HORIZONTAL polarization. If you want to tune frequencies corresponding to the satellite high band you should use + 22 kHz.

The rest of parameters are automatically detected by the transmodulator when the signal is locked.

5.6.5 **CAM**

In this window user can browse through the CAM module menu.
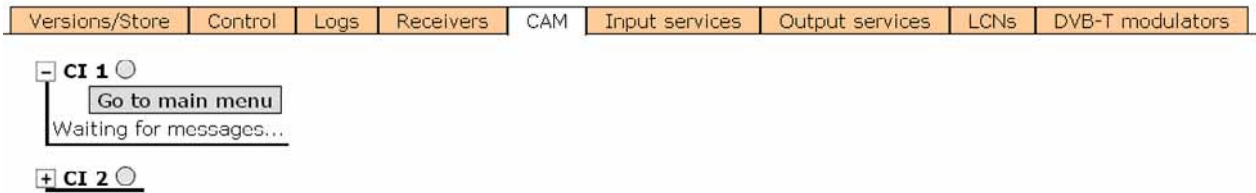
Figure 12.

Each time an option is selected, user should wait until the module access the next menu or option. Each CAM module has its own menu settings.

This window gives information about services captured from satellite receivers.

Figure 13.

Select the same SAT inputs than selected in the "Receivers" tab.

Then expand the data tree to check information about the services captured.

Available information is:

- **Transport stream identifier**: It is a number that identifies the transport stream.
- **Original network identifier**: It is a number that identifies the network from where the signal comes.
- **Received services**: It shows all services detected and its tables. Each table shows all the metadata carried in the corresponding PSI/SI tables in a tree diagram so user can deploy its content to the detail.

5.6.7 | Output Services

This window gives information about services to be released on the RF output.

Figure 14.

Select the RF output (RF 1 to RF 8) to work on.

Then expand the data tree to set the parameters in order to release services at the output:

- ■ **Network identifier**: It is the number that identifies the network where the signal is distributed.
- ■ **Network name**: It is the name that identifies the network where the signal is distributed.
- ■ **Transport stream identifier**: It is a number that identifies a specific transport stream.
- ■ **Original network identifier**: It is a number that identifies the network from where the signal comes.
- ■ **Private data specifier**: Data that the receiver uses to properly identify the LCN value.
- ■ **Input**: Select the SAT input (from 1 to 4) to select services.
- ■ **Manual NIT version**: Enter the version of the Network Information Table. If this box is empty the NIT version will be automatically selected by the modulator.
- ■ **Generated services**: It shows services generated from the selected transport stream. User can select services by clicking on "Change selection" button.

If the user wants to use the same network identifier, network original identifier, network name, private data specifier or NIT version on all outputs, use the external box and click on "Use for all outputs" box.

5.6.8   **LCNs**

This window allows user to select the logical channel number (LCN) for each service selected.

Figure 15.

- ■ **LCN**: Logical channel number is the number that specifies the index to sort services on the digital terrestrial television receiver.

There is also one option to auto number all services by filling the "First LCN" box and clicking on "Auto number".

5.6.9   **DVB-T modulators**

This window shows RF output settings in order to distribute services in DVB-T format.
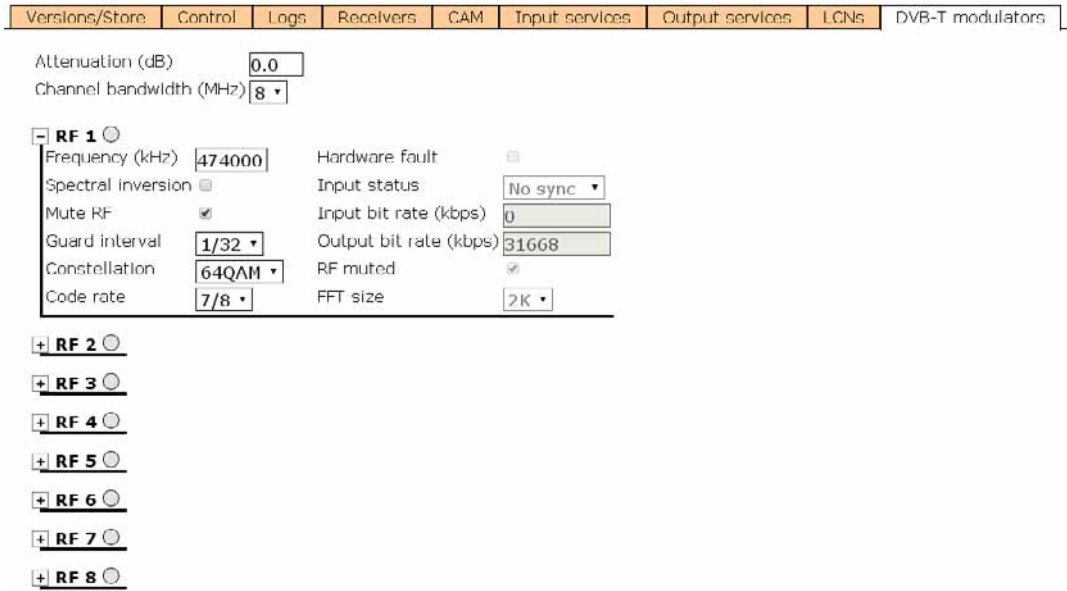

Figure 16.

Select the same RF outputs than selected in the "Output services" tab.

Then expand the data tree to set the parameters in order to release services at the output.

6 SPECIFICATIONS ⚠️

Specifications	CompactMax-1
SATELLITE INPUTS	4 satellite inputs
LNB	
Typical LO frequencies	9750 MHz, 10600 MHz
Supply	External/+13 (vert.pol.)/+18 V (hor.pol.), 5 W each satellite input (max.)
22 kHz signalling	Low/high frequency band
Indicators	Over/under load/current and malfunction
IF frequency range	950 MHz to 2150 MHz (LNB LO freq ±downlink freq)
Input power range	−70 to −20 dBm typ., −50 dBm nominal, −5 dBm max
Input Impedance	75 Ω
Input return loss	> 10 dB
Noise figure	14 dB maximum
DVB-S	Up to 62 Msymb/s
DVB-S2	Up to 45 Msymb/s
DVB-T OUTPUTS	8 DVB-T outputs
Carrier frequency	47 MHz to 858 MHz in 1 kHz steps
Output level	−20 dBm ± 1 dB, 50 ohms
Output attenuation	0 to 30 dB in 0.1 dB steps
MER	38 dB minimum, >40 dB typical
Channel bandwidth	8, 7, 6, 5 MHz with selectable spectral inversion
FFT size	2k only
Guard Interval	1/32, 1/16, 1/8, 1/4
Constellation	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Code Rate	1/2, 2/3, 3/4, 5/6, 7/8
CONDITIONAL ACCES	Two Common Interface DVB-CI compliant slots
TS PROCESSING	Selection of arbitrary number of services from the received TS (bit rate of the input services selected < DVB-T output bit rate).
	NULL packet deletion and PCR restamping.
	Regeneration of the PAT, PMT, SDT, NIT tables.
	User-defined NID, ONID, Network Name, LCNs with associated private data specifier, Service Name, Provider Name and TS ID.
REMOTE CONTROL	1000 Mbps Ethernet connector to access a webserver
	User-defined IP address
MECHANICAL FEATURES	
Dimensions	430 x 43 x 260 mm W x H x D
Weight	2.85 kg
Size	4,807 cm^3
POWER SUPPLY	110 – 230 V AC
OPERATING TEMPERATURE	From 0 to 45 ºC
NOTE: Equipment specifications are set in these environmental operating conditions. Operation outside these specifications are also possible. Please check with us if you have specific requirements.	
Packing Recommendations	
You should retain all packaging materials on a permanent basis if necessary to return the equipment to the Technical Assistance Service.	

7 MAINTENANCE ⚠️

7.1 Instructions for returning by mail

Instruments returned for repair or calibration, either within or out of the warranty period, should be sent with the following information: Name of the Company, name of the contact person, address, telephone number, receipt (in the case of coverage under warranty) and a description of the problem or the service required.

7.2 Cleaning Recommendations

CAUTION:	To clean the cover, take care the instrument is disconnected.

CAUTION:	Do not use scented hydrocarbons or chlorized solvents. The cover should be cleaned by means of a light solution of detergent and water applied with a soft cloth. Dry thoroughly before using the system again.

CAUTION:	Do not use for the cleaning alcohol or its derivatives, these products can attack the mechanical properties of the materials and diminish their useful time of life.